MEAN ANGULAR MOMENTA OF PRIMARY PHOTOFISSION PRODUCTS

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Many problems still remain in fission process description, among which are interplay between nuclear structure effects and fission dynamic peculiarities in forming different fission characteristics, specifically of angular momenta distribution P(I) of primary fragments. One of the most simple and rather reliable method to deduce information on spin distribution P(I) (and hence on mean angular momenta $\langle I \rangle$) is based on investigations of independent yield of isomer states with different spins (isomer ratios, σ_m/σ_g) in evaporation residues of primary fission products.

In this work isomer ratios and mean angular momenta for photofission products of ²³⁷Np and ²³⁸U are obtained. The method of gamma-ray spectrometry of fission products without radiochemical separation[1] are used with some modification for isomeric ratio determination. The nuclei are irradiated by microtron M-30 bremsstrahlung induced by electrons with energies 15 MeV and 16 MeV. Different irradiation and cooling time are used (1-120 min) to obtain optimal conditions for data acquisition. Gamma-ray spectra of photofission products are also analyzed at different time intervals to perform correct identification of the products. The contributions of genealogically related beta-decay branches are taken into account by solving of differential equation system of radioactive decay and growth in isobar chain of investigated nuclide.

As a result the following values of isomer ratios for photofission products are determined: $^{237}\mathrm{Np}$ — $\sigma(8^-)/\sigma(4^+)=2.4\pm0.2$ for $^{134}\mathrm{I},~\sigma(11/2^-)/\sigma(3/2^+)=0.61\pm0.06$ for $^{135}\mathrm{Xe}$ $^{238}\mathrm{U}$ — $\sigma(8^-)/\sigma(4^+)=1.2\pm0.2$ for $^{130}\mathrm{Sb},~\sigma(8^-)/\sigma(4^+)=0.79\pm0.13$ for $^{132}\mathrm{Sb},~\sigma(11/2^-)/\sigma(3/2^+)=0.032\pm0.015$ for $^{133}\mathrm{Te},~\sigma(8^-)/\sigma(4^+)=0.67\pm0.13$ for $^{134}\mathrm{I}$ and $\sigma(11.2^-)/\sigma(3/2^+)=0.22\pm0.03$ for $^{135}\mathrm{Xe}.$

The modified version of EMPIRE-II code[2] is used to obtain spin distributions and mean angular momenta of primary photofission products. The preliminary results are in rather good agreement with that ones from [1], where values $\langle I \rangle$ were determined in fragments of ^{232}Th fission induced by 14 MeV neutrons.

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